

VS-7375: Potential Best-in-Class KRAS G12D (ON/OFF) Inhibitor

R&D Update Call

June 23, 2026

Disclaimers

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation includes forward-looking statements about, among other things, Verastem Oncology's (the "Company") programs and product candidates, strategy, future plans and prospects, including statements related to the approval and commercialization of AVMAPKI® FAKZYNJA® CO-PACK (avutometinib capsules; defactinib tablets) as a treatment for adult patients with Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog (KRAS) mutant-type (mt) recurrent Low-Grade Serous Ovarian Cancer (LGSOC), the expected outcome and benefits of collaborations, including with GenFleet Therapeutics (Shanghai), Inc. (GenFleet), including the conduct of a Phase 1/2a study and subsequent studies with respect to VS-7375, the potential of the results of the RAMP 301 Phase 3 trial to confirm the results of the RAMP 201 study specific to KRAS mutant patients and to expand the indication for AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK regardless of KRAS mutation status, the structure and potential clinical value of our completed, planned and pending clinical trials, the potential clinical value of various of the Company's clinical trials, including the RAMP 201, RAMP 201J, RAMP 205, RAMP 301 and VS-7375 trials, the timing of commencing and completing trials, including topline data reports, our interactions with regulators, the timeline and indications for clinical development, regulatory submissions and the potential for and timing of commercialization of our product candidates and potential for additional development programs involving the Company's lead compound and the potential market opportunities thereof; and the estimated addressable markets for, and anticipated market opportunities of our drug candidates. The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "may," "plan," "target," "potential," "would," "could," "should," "continue," "potential," "can" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Each forward-looking statement is subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statement.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to: the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements; risks related to the development and successful commercialization of our product candidates; obtaining and maintaining regulatory approvals, including, but not limited to, potential regulatory delays or rejections; the challenges with the commercialization of a new product; our history of operating losses and the possibility that we may never achieve or maintain profitability; risks associated with meeting the objectives of Verastem's clinical trials, including, but not limited to Verastem's ability to achieve enrollment objectives concerning patient numbers (including an adequate safety database), outcomes objectives and/or timing objectives for Verastem's trials; any delays or failures enrollment and the occurrence of adverse safety events; our ability to successfully commercialize AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK in the U.S. including our ability to generate market demand for and acceptance of AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK; the potential inability to raise sufficient capital to fund ongoing operations as currently planned or to obtain financing on acceptable terms or to fund operations from revenues generated by the sales of AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK; actions or advice of regulatory agencies to maintain regulatory approval of AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK; the impact of current and future healthcare reforms, including those affecting the delivery of or payment for healthcare products and services; uncertainties related to the activities and initiatives of the current U.S. presidential administration, including regulatory and policy changes that may adversely affect our business; risks related to our ability to obtain, maintain and enforce patent and other intellectual property protection for our product candidates; decisions by regulatory authorities regarding trial design, labeling and other matters that could affect the timing, availability or commercial potential of our product candidates; whether preclinical studies and any positive preliminary, initial "top-line," and interim data, from our clinical trials of our product candidates may not necessarily be predictive of the results of ongoing or later clinical trials; that the timing, scope and rate of reimbursement for our product candidates is uncertain; that the market opportunities of our drug candidates are based on internal and third-party estimates which may prove to be incorrect; that third-party payors (including government agencies) may not reimburse; that there may be competitive developments affecting our product candidates; that data may not be available when expected; that enrollment of clinical trials may take longer than expected; the risks that we will not satisfy our post-marketing requirements and commitments established and agreed to as part of the FDA's approval of AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK; that our marketed product candidates may cause adverse safety events and/or unexpected concerns may arise from additional data or analysis, or result in unmanageable safety profiles as compared to their levels of efficacy; that we may not be able to confirm the results from the RAMP 201 study or expand the approved indication for AVMAPKI FAKZYNJA CO-PACK; that our product candidates may experience manufacturing or supply interruptions or failures; that any of our third-party contract research organizations, contract manufacturing organizations, clinical sites, or contractors, among others, which we rely on may fail to fully perform; that we face substantial competition, which may result in others developing or commercializing products before or more successfully than we do which could result in reduced market share or market potential for our product candidates; that we may be unable to successfully initiate or complete the clinical development and eventual commercialization of our product candidates; that the development and commercialization of our product candidates may take longer or cost more than planned, including as a result of conducting additional studies or our decisions regarding execution of such commercialization; that we may not attract and retain high quality personnel; that we or Pfizer, Inc. may fail to fully perform under the license agreement covering certain Pfizer FAK inhibitors, including defactinib; that we or Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. may fail to fully perform under the avutometinib license agreement; that we or GenFleet may fail to fully perform under the collaboration and option agreement covering VS-7375 and other assets we may decide to option in; that our total addressable and target markets for our product candidates might be smaller than we are presently estimating; that we or Secura Bio, Inc. may fail to fully perform under the asset purchase agreement with Secura Bio, Inc., including in relation to milestone payments; that we may not be able to establish new or expand on existing collaborations or partnerships, including with respect to in-licensing of our product candidates, on favorable terms, or at all; that we may be unable to obtain adequate financing in the future through product licensing, co-promotional arrangements, public or private equity, debt financing or otherwise; that we may not pursue or submit regulatory filings for our product candidates; that, due to the current presidential administration's significant reduction in the FDA's workforce and potential reductions to the FDA's budget, we may experience a material impact to the FDA's ability to engage in a variety of activities that may affect our business, including routine regulatory and oversight activities; and that our product candidates may not receive regulatory approval, become commercially successful products, or result in new treatment options being offered to patients.

Other risks and uncertainties include those identified under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on March 04, 2026, and in any subsequent filings with the SEC, which are available at www.sec.gov and www.verastem.com. The forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of the original date of this presentation, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any of these statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Our business is subject to substantial risks and uncertainties, including those referenced above. Investors, potential investors, and others should give careful consideration to these risks and uncertainties.

USE OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This presentation contains references to our non-GAAP operating expense, a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the US (GAAP). This non-GAAP financial measure excludes certain amounts or expenses from the corresponding financial measures determined in accordance with GAAP. Management believes this non-GAAP information is useful for investors, taken in conjunction with the Company's GAAP financial statements, because it provides greater transparency and period-over-period comparability with respect to the Company's operating performance and can enhance investors' ability to identify operating trends in the Company's business. Management uses this measure, among other factors, to assess and analyze operational results and trends and to make financial and operational decisions. Non-GAAP information is not prepared under a comprehensive set of accounting rules and should only be used to supplement an understanding of the Company's operating results as reported under GAAP, not in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. In addition, this non-GAAP financial measure is unlikely to be comparable with non-GAAP information provided by other companies. The determination of the amounts that are excluded from non-GAAP financial measures is a matter of management judgment and depends upon, among other factors, the nature of the underlying expense or income amounts. Reconciliations between this non-GAAP financial measure and the most comparable GAAP financial measure are included in the footnotes to the slides in this presentation on which such non-GAAP number appears.

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Agenda and Conference Call Participants

Introduction

JULISSA VIANA
SVP, Corporate Communications,
Investor Relations and Patient Advocacy

Opening Remarks

DAN PATERSON
President and Chief Executive Officer

VS-7375 Clinical Update

MICHAEL KAUFFMAN, MD, PHD
President, Development

Rationale for New Clinical Collaborations with VS-7375

JON PACHTER, PHD
Chief Scientific Officer

Closing Remarks & Q&A

DAN PATERSON & EXECUTIVE TEAM

Opening Remarks

Dan Paterson
President & CEO



The Principles that Guided the Design of **VS-7375**



Goal: Drive Maximal Efficacy and Favorable Tolerability for KRAS G12D-Mutated Cancers

VS-7375 Delivers on These Attributes and More



Dual ON/OFF Inhibition for deeper pathway suppression



Stays on the target longer for continuous coverage (18-24hrs)



Preserves normal RAS signaling; **saves T cell proliferation**



Dose-dependent oral bioavailability to enable **maximal target inhibition and efficacy**



Intracranial exposure for the **potential to treat brain metastases**



Enables **combination strategies**

VS-7375: Well-Positioned to Compete in Pancreatic, Colorectal, and Lung Cancer Markets

Differentiated Profile

Potential best-in-class KRAS G12D (ON/OFF) inhibitor

Anti-tumor Activity Across Tumors

Efficacy at both 600 mg QD and 900 mg QD in PDAC, NSCLC & CRC

Improved Safety Profile

Low-grade GI side effects that attenuate after the first cycle

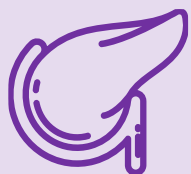
Broad Combination Potential

Combinable with anti-EGFR therapy and SOC chemotherapy

Defined Development Path

Potential for Accelerated Approval pathway

VS-7375: Opportunity to Address a Large Patient Population Across KRAS G12D-Mutated Cancers



PANCREATIC CANCER

40%

Annual U.S. TAM:

~29K



COLORECTAL CANCER

15%

Annual U.S. TAM:

~22K



LUNG CANCER

5%

Annual U.S. TAM:

~10K

VS-7375

Clinical Update

Michael Kauffman, MD, PhD
President, Development

VS-7375: Competitive Profile Emerging Across Pancreatic, Colorectal and Lung Cancers

Anti-tumor Activity Across Tumor Types

- **Clinical activity at multiple doses in pancreatic, colorectal and lung cancers**
- **Dose-response efficacy in PDAC**
- Potential for **chemo-free regimen in PDAC**

Safety Profile Significantly Improved After Cycle 1

- **Favorable mono and combination tolerability**
- **No clinically meaningful drug-related liver or hematologic toxicity** observed
- Primarily **low-grade GI AEs** that **improve after cycle 1**
- **No acneiform rash; no stomatitis** observed with VS-7375 monotherapy

Combinability with SOC Therapies

- **Successfully combined** with **cetuximab** & full dose and schedule of **Gem/NabP**
- **Evaluating higher-dose combinations**
- Multiple **novel combination opportunities**

Multiple Paths to Registration

- **Three Phase 2 trials** underway for **potential Accelerated Approval**
- **Expect to initiate three Phase 3 trials** in 1L setting **by 1H 2027**

Enrolled 150+ Patients Across Dose Escalation & Expansion Cohorts

Plan to complete enrollment in PDAC, CRC and NSCLC cohorts in June 2026

TARGET-D 101

Phase 1/2 Study Evaluating VS-7375, a KRAS G12D (ON/OFF) inhibitor, as Monotherapy and in Combination, in Patients with KRAS G12D-Mutated Solid Tumors

**Monotherapy
Dose Escalation
&
Expansion**

✓ DL1:
400 mg QD

✓ DL2:
600 mg QD

✓ DL3:
900 mg QD

DL4:
1200 mg QD

2L
PDAC

2L/3L
NSCLC

2L+ Tumor
Agnostic
Solid Tumors

**Combination
Dose Escalation
&
Expansion**

VS-7375 +
Cetuximab

2L+ CRC and
2L PDAC

VS-7375 + Carbo/
Pemetrexed/Pembro

1L NSCLC

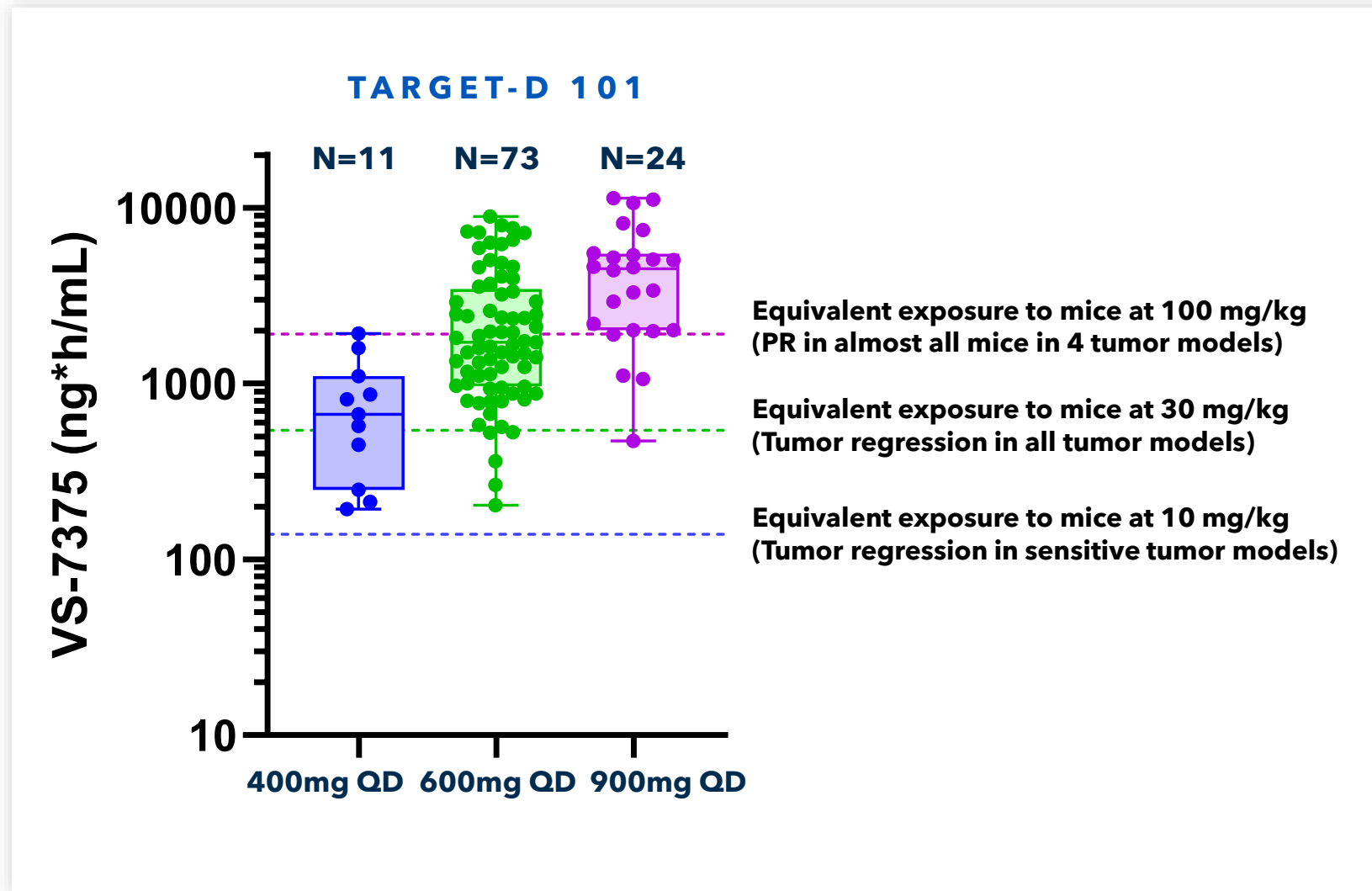
VS-7375 +
Gem/NabP

1L and 2L+
PDAC

✓ Dose-Level Cleared

□ Ongoing

900 mg QD of VS-7375 Achieves the Targeted Human AUC_{ss} in the Majority of Patients Corresponding to Maximal Tumor Regression Across Mouse Models



mPDAC: VS-7375 900 mg Demonstrates Promising Preliminary Efficacy; Deeper and More Rapid Responses Seen with Cetuximab Combination

KEY OBSERVATIONS: METASTATIC PANCREATIC DUCTAL CARCINOMA

2-4L mPDAC

- Evidence of dose-dependent anti-tumor activity observed between 600 and 900 mg QD
- Promising preliminary efficacy observed at 900 mg monotherapy
- 900 mg QD looks extremely compelling with marked CA19-9 reduction in almost all patients
- Preliminary anti-EGFR combination demonstrates deeper and more rapid responses even at subtherapeutic doses

Towards 1L mPDAC

- Good combinability with SOC Gem/NabP in 2L+
- DLT-cleared VS-7375 600 mg QD plus full dose of Gem/NabP in 2L+
- Dose-escalation continues with 900 mg QD plus full dose of Gem/NabP in 2L+
- 1L combo data with Gem/NabP expected in 2H 2026

ENROLLMENT STATUS:

As of June 2026:

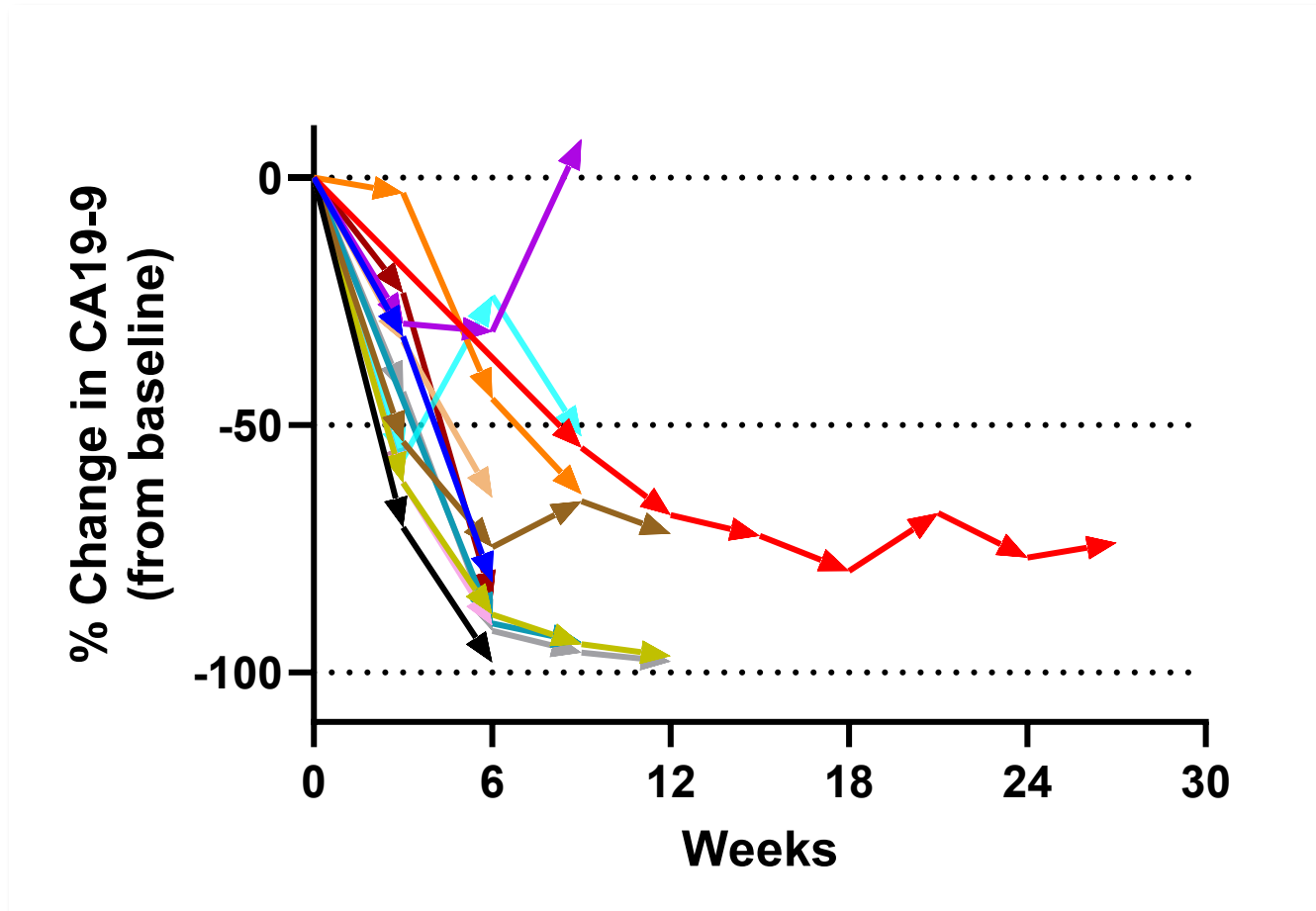
7 of 20+ patients at the 600 mg dose with ≥ 6 months of follow up

1 of 20+ patients at the 900 mg dose with ≥ 6 months of follow up

Enrolling additional patients in the 600 mg QD plus full dose of Gem/NabP cohort

Expect to complete enrollment of 20+ patients at both dose levels in June 2026

93% of mPDAC Patients Treated with VS-7375 900 mg QD Achieved >50% Reduction in CA19-9



14 patients dosed at 900 mg QD had elevated levels of CA19-9 at baseline (>37 U/mL) and at least one scheduled on-treatment measurement

- All patients remain on treatment
- Includes 2-4L patients

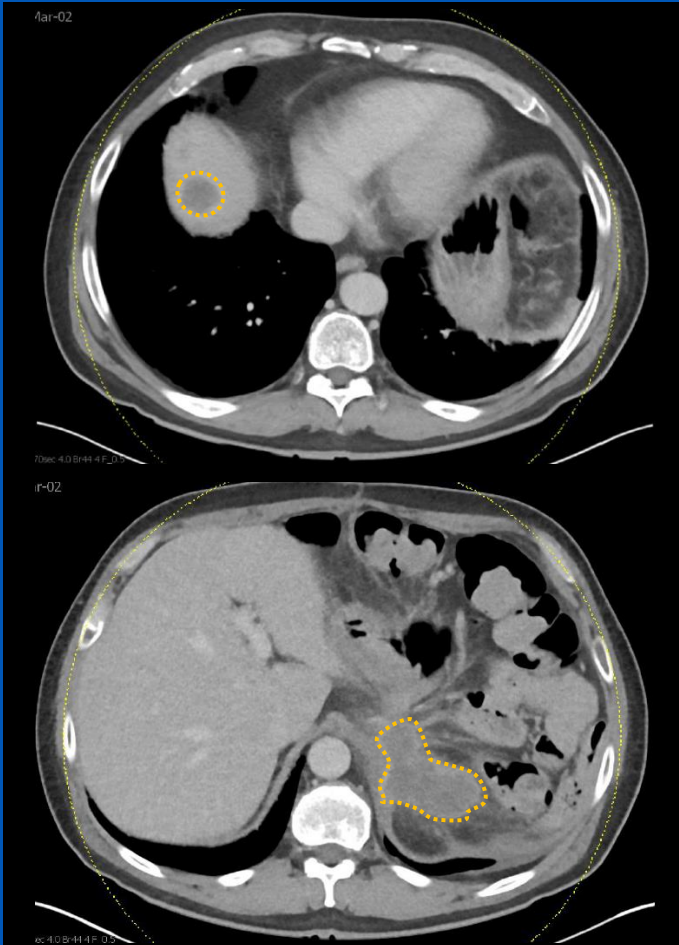
93% (13/14) of patients showed >50% reduction in CA19-9

≥50% reduction in CA19-9 has been correlated with improved PFS and OS for patients with PDAC^{1,2}

Confirmed Partial Response at Week 12 with **VS-7375** 900 mg QD Monotherapy in 55 y/o Male with mPDAC

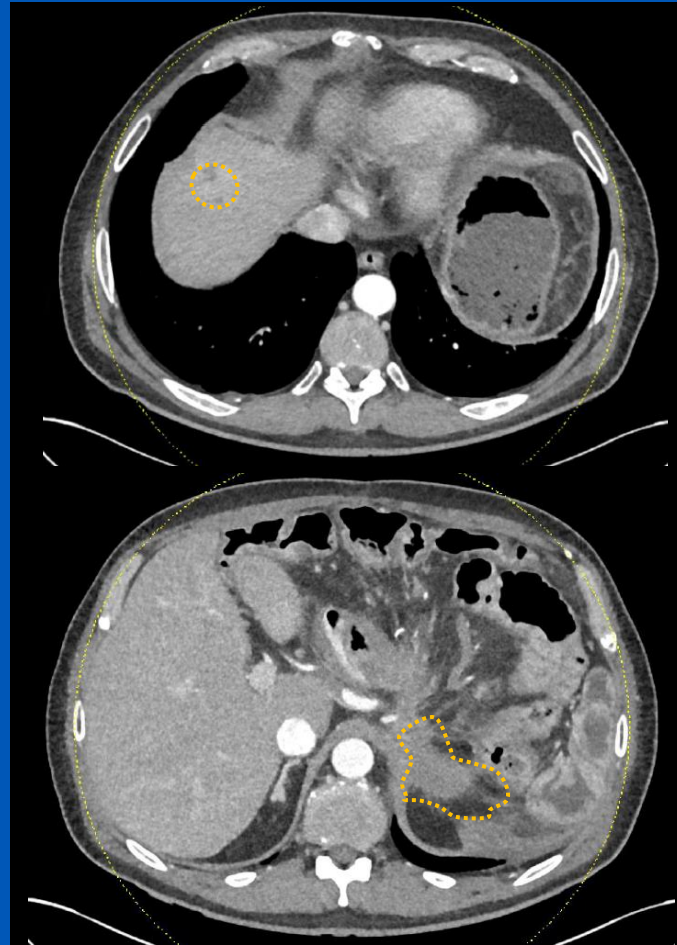
Baseline Lesion:

Liver, surgical bed, peritoneum
(SLD: 151mm)



Week 12:

cPR (-47%) (SLD: 80mm)
Response ongoing

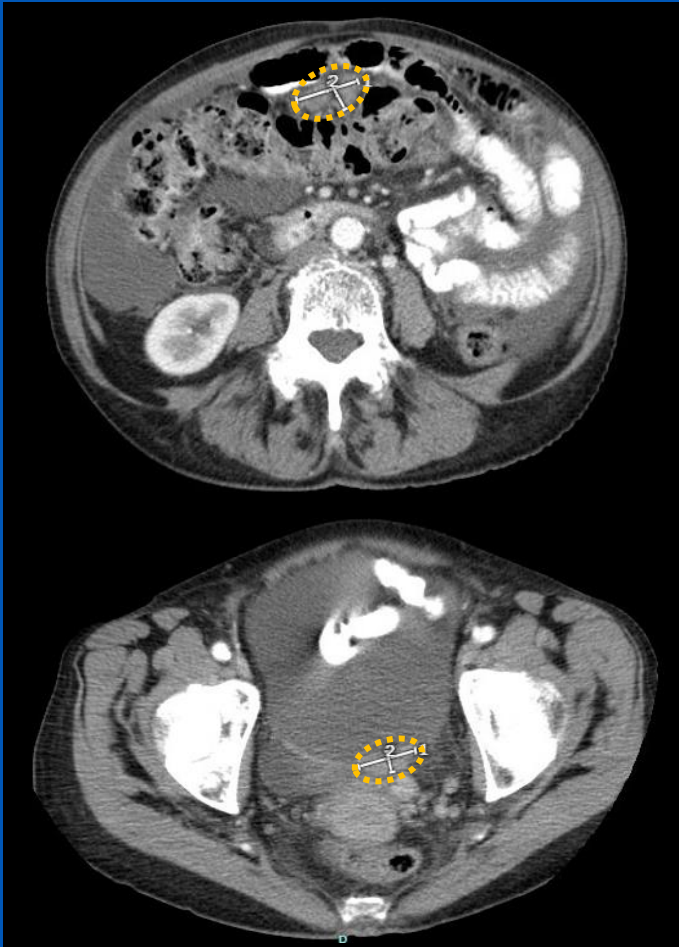


- Prior mFOLFIRINOX (SD for 4 mos) and Gem/NabP (PD after 2 mos)
- Investigator-reported pain resolution within 1 week of treatment (completely off morphine from 100 mg/day)
- No treatment-related AE reported
- Normal CA-19-9 levels at baseline. No CEA or CA125 measurements

Complete Resolution of Target Lesion at Week 6 with **VS-7375 900 mg QD** Monotherapy in 79 y/o Female with mPDAC

Baseline Lesion:

Mesentery, peritoneum
(SLD: 64mm)



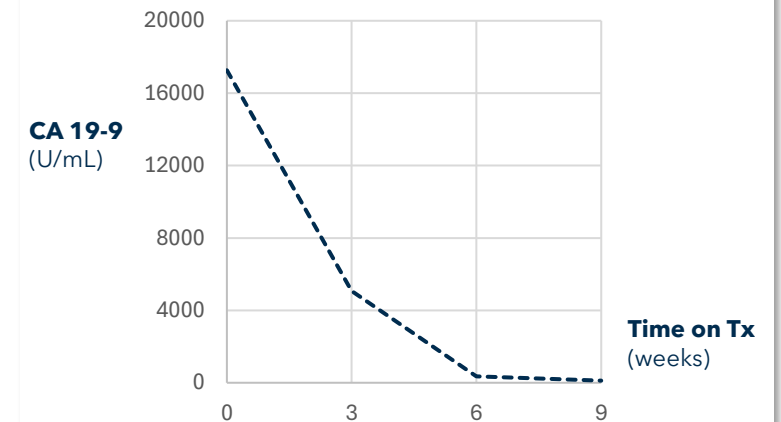
Week 6:

uPR (-100%) (SLD: 0mm)
Response ongoing



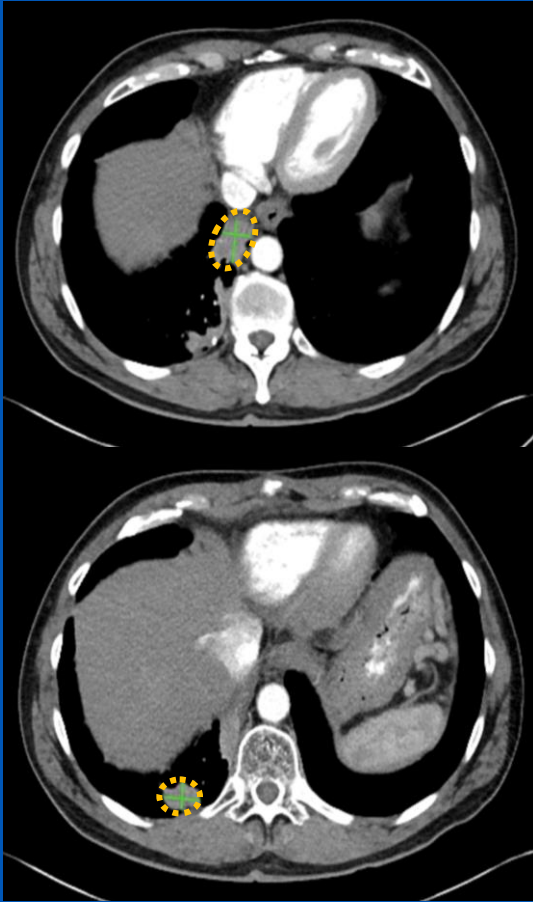
- Prior Gem/NabP (6 mos of Tx) , NALIRI (11 mos of Tx), and FOLFOX (3 mos of Tx)
- Investigator-reported abdominal pain and distention (caused by ascites) resolved in 2 weeks
- Selected AE: G2 diarrhea (resolved), G2 fatigue, G2 anorexia
- Highly elevated CA-19-9 levels at baseline with >60% reduction in 3 weeks and >99% reduction in 6-9 weeks

>99% reduction of CA 19-9

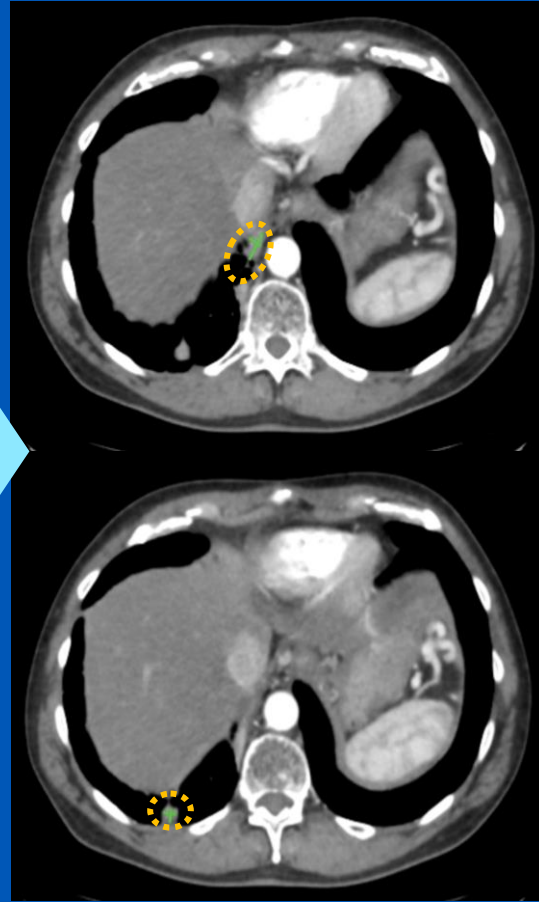


Deep and Rapid Response Achieved at Subtherapeutic Dose with VS-7375 400 mg QD + Anti-EGFR in 64 y/o Male with mPDAC

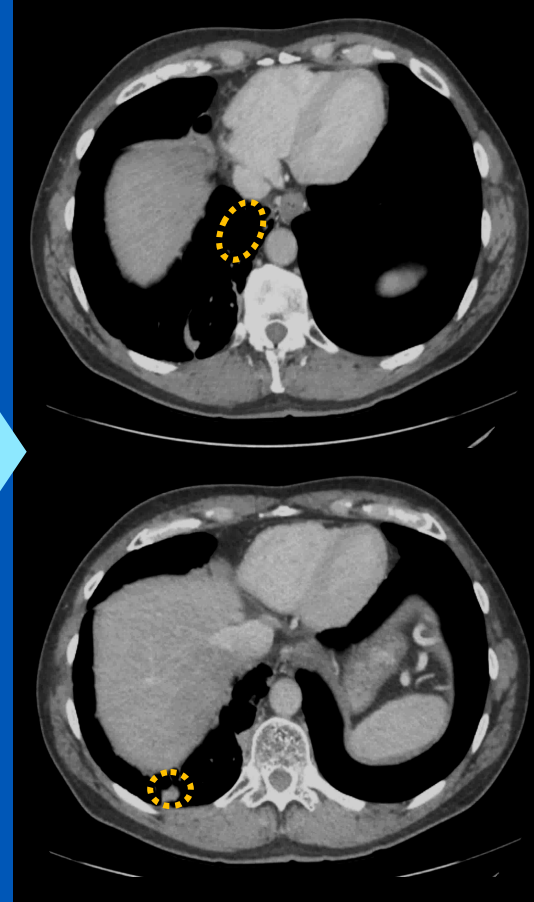
Baseline Lesion: Pleura, lung, mediastinum lymph node (52mm)



Week 6:
cPR (-46%) (28mm)

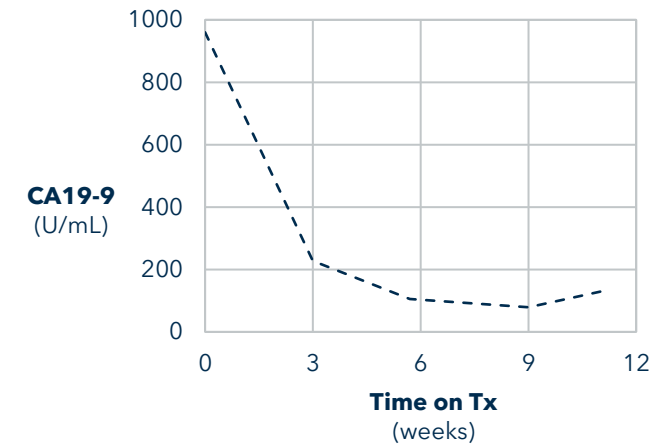


Week 12:
cPR: (-70%) (16mm)



- Prior FOLFIRINOX + RT (PR) and FOLFIRINOX (SD for 3 mos)
- Investigator-reported cough had resolved within 1 week of treatment
- Selected TEAEs included upper GI hemorrhage*, anemia*, gastritis* and rash maculopapular**

Significant drop in CA19-9 Levels by Week 3



mCRC: Preliminary Efficacy Observed with Cetuximab Combination at Both VS-7375 600 mg QD & 900 mg QD

KEY OBSERVATIONS: METASTATIC COLORECTAL CANCER

2L+ CRC

- Promising preliminary efficacy observed at 600mg and 900mg QD in combination with anti-EGFR
- No overlapping toxicity with cetuximab

ENROLLMENT STATUS:

As of June 2026:

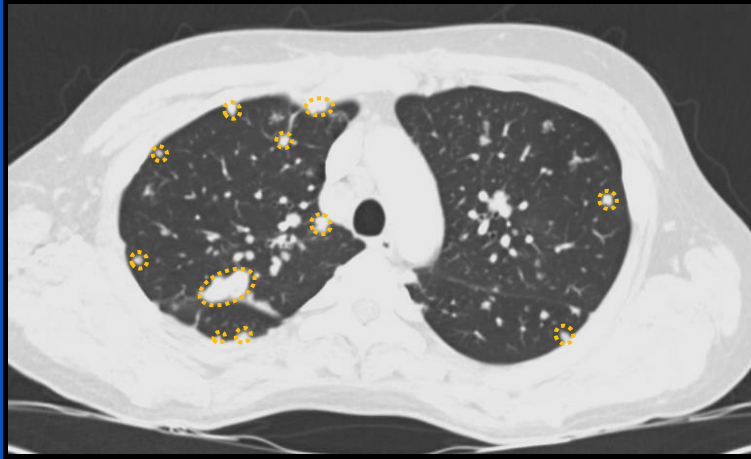
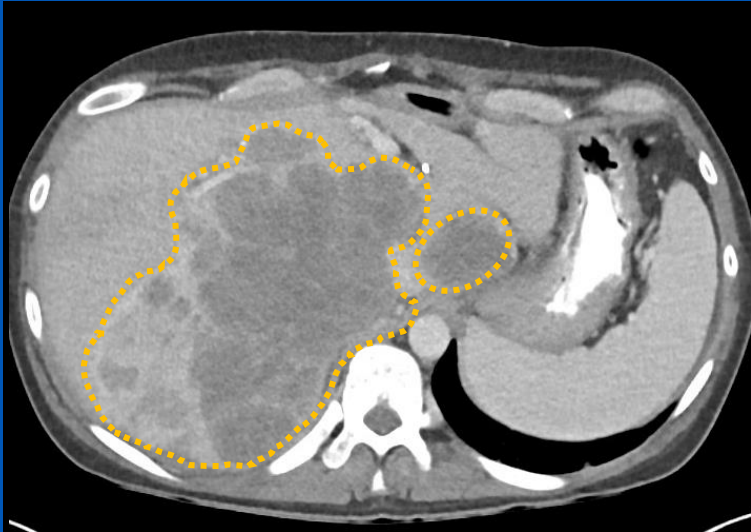
All patients (20+) at the **600 mg** dose in combination with cetuximab have **≤6 months of follow-up**

900 mg + full dose cetuximab DLT-cleared in May 2026; additional patients to be dosed in TARGET-D 203

Expect to **complete enrollment** of 20+ patients at the 600 mg dose level + cetuximab **in June 2026**

Marked Reduction of Disease Burden with **VS-7375 600 mg QD + Cetuximab** in Heavily Pre-treated 42 y/o Male with mCRC

Baseline Lesion:
(SLD: 370mm)

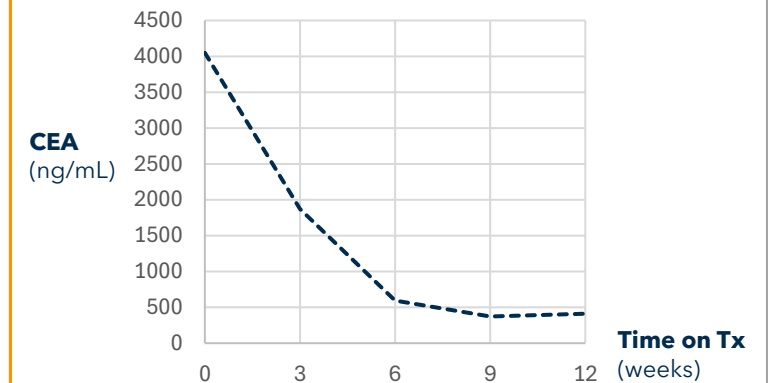


Week 12:
SD: (-29.5%) (SLD: 260mm)



- 6 prior lines of therapy. Exhausted standard-of-care therapies, including TAS-102, and received 2 different and sequential investigational agents through clinical trials
- Investigator-reported abdominal distention mostly resolved
- No significant AE except cetuximab-induced acneiform rash

**90% CEA reduction
from baseline**



Advanced NSCLC: Preliminary Efficacy Observed at **VS-7375 600 mg QD**; Ongoing Evaluation at 900 mg QD

KEY OBSERVATIONS: ADVANCED NON-SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER

2L/3L NSCLC

- Promising preliminary efficacy observed at 600 mg QD
- Similar AE profile with no/minimal liver abnormalities compared to other tumor types

ENROLLMENT STATUS:

As of June 2026:

1 of 20+ patients at the **600 mg** dose (single agent) **has ≥6 months of follow up**

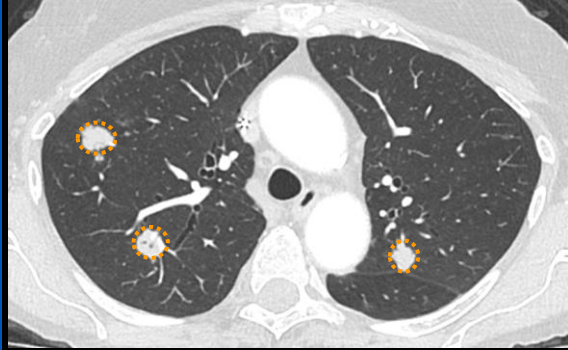
Expect to **complete enrollment** of 20+ patients at the 600 mg dose (single agent) **in June 2026**

600 mg + chemo-pembro is under evaluation; expect to be DLT-cleared by mid-2026

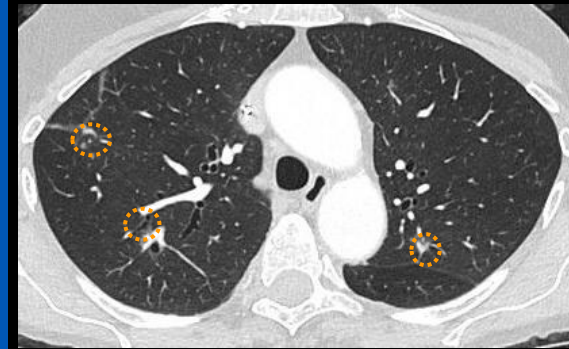
600 mg + pembro is under evaluation; expect to be DLT-cleared by mid-2026

Confirmed Partial Response at Week 6 with Deepening of Response Through Week 12 at **VS-7375** 600 mg QD in 77 y/o Female with Advanced NSCLC

Baseline Lesion:
(SLD 69mm)



Week 12:
cPR (-49%) (SLD: 35mm)



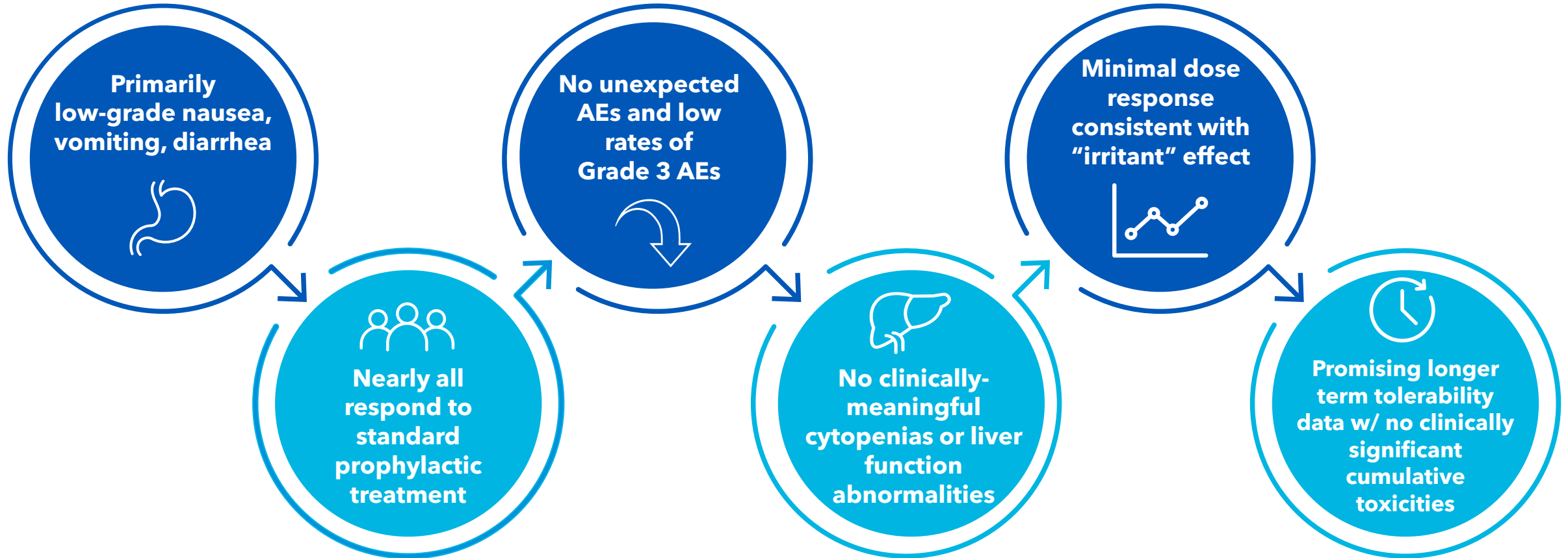
- Prior therapy of Pemetrexed-Carbo-Pembro (SD 4 mos)
- Patient had an unconfirmed partial response at week 6 (-34%) that was confirmed at week 12 (-49%)
- Investigator-reported shortness-of-breath and tumor pain improved within 2 weeks of dosing
- TEAE: diarrhea G3, dose reduced in cycle 3 to 400 mg for 4 weeks and re-escalated to 600 mg after in cycle 4

VS-7375

Safety Update

Michael Kauffman, MD, PhD
President, Development

VS-7375 Safety Summary: Favorable Tolerability Profile Across Monotherapy and Combinations



VS-7375 Well-Tolerated Up To 900 mg; Low-Grade GI AEs Most Common

TRAEs reported in >1 patient

System Organ Class / Preferred Term	600 mg (N=57)					900 mg (N=25)				
	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)
Gastrointestinal disorders										
Diarrhoea	22 (39)	7 (12)	2 (4)	0	31 (54)	9 (36)	3 (12)	0	0	12 (48)
Nausea	20 (35)	8 (14)	1 (2)	0	29 (51)	9 (36)	3 (12)	1 (4)	0	13 (52)
Vomiting	16 (28)	4 (7)	1 (2)	0	21 (37)	5 (20)	1 (4)	0	0	6 (24)
Constipation	5 (9)	0	0	0	5 (9)	0	0	0	0	0
Dyspepsia	4 (7)	0	0	0	4 (7)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Abdominal distension	1 (2)	0	0	0	1 (2)	2 (8)	1 (4)	0	0	3 (12)
Abdominal pain	1 (2)	0	1 (2)	0	2 (4)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Flatulence	1 (2)	0	0	0	1 (2)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
General disorders										
Fatigue	14 (25)	3 (5)	0	0	17 (30)	5 (20)	3 (12)	0	0	8 (32)
Oedema peripheral	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Investigations										
Lipase increased	4 (7)	2 (4)	0	0	6 (11)	0	1 (4)	0	0	1 (4)
Amylase increased	3 (5)	1 (2)	0	0	4 (7)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Alanine aminotransferase increased	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders										
Neutropenia	2 (4)	3 (5)	1 (2)	0	6 (11)	0	2 (8)	0	0	2 (8)
Anaemia	0	4 (7)	0	0	4 (7)	0	2 (8)	0	0	2 (8)
Leukopenia	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Thrombocytopenia	1 (2)	0	0	0	1 (2)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
White blood cell count decreased	1 (2)	1 (2)	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Metabolism and nutrition disorders										
Decreased appetite	0	2 (4)	0	0	2 (4)	4 (16)	1 (4)	0	0	5 (20)
Hypomagnesaemia	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Nervous system disorders										
Dysgeusia	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
Dizziness	1 (2)	0	1 (2)	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders										
Pruritus	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	0	0	0	0	0
Rash	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	0	0	0	0	0
Urticaria	0	0	1 (2)	0	1 (2)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Renal and Urinary disorders										
Acute kidney injury	0	0	1 (2)	0	1 (2)	0	1 (4)	0	0	1 (4)

Major TRAEs Largely Attenuated After Cycle 1 on Both VS-7375 600 mg QD & 900 mg QD

TRAEs reported in >1 patient after cycle 1 (≥ 29 days); only include patients followed up for at least 29 days

System Organ Class / Preferred Term	600 mg (N=51)					900 mg (N=22)				
	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥ 4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥ 4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)
Gastrointestinal disorders										
Diarrhoea	6 (12)	4 (8)	2 (4)	0	12 (24)	4 (18)	0	0	0	4 (18)
Nausea	4 (8)	5 (10)	0	0	9 (18)	2 (9)	0	1 (5)	0	3 (14)
Vomiting	7 (14)	3 (6)	0	0	10 (20)	2 (9)	0	0	0	2 (9)
Investigations										
Amylase increased	3 (6)	1 (2)	0	0	4 (8)	0	0	0	0	0
Lipase increased	3 (6)	1 (2)	0	0	4 (8)	0	0	0	0	0
Nervous system disorders										
Dizziness	1 (2)	0	1 (2)	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
Dysgeusia	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	1 (5)	0	0	0	1 (5)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders										
Neutropenia	1 (2)	3 (6)	1 (2)	0	5 (10)	0	0	0	0	0
Anaemia	0	3 (6)	0	0	3 (6)	0	1 (5)	0	0	1 (5)
Leukopenia	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0
General disorders										
Fatigue	4 (8)	2 (4)	0	0	6 (12)	0	1 (5)	0	0	1 (5)
Metabolism and nutrition disorders										
Decreased appetite	0	2 (4)	0	0	2 (4)	1 (5)	0	0	0	1 (5)
Hypomagnesaemia	2 (4)	0	0	0	2 (4)	0	0	0	0	0

Positioning **VS-7375** for Broad Registrational Development Across Multiple Indications

Complete enrollment in all three Phase 2 trials by the end of 2026

 TARGET-D 201

 TARGET-D 202

 TARGET-D 203

Enroll the first patient in each of the Phase 3 pivotal trials by 1H 2027

 TARGET-D 301

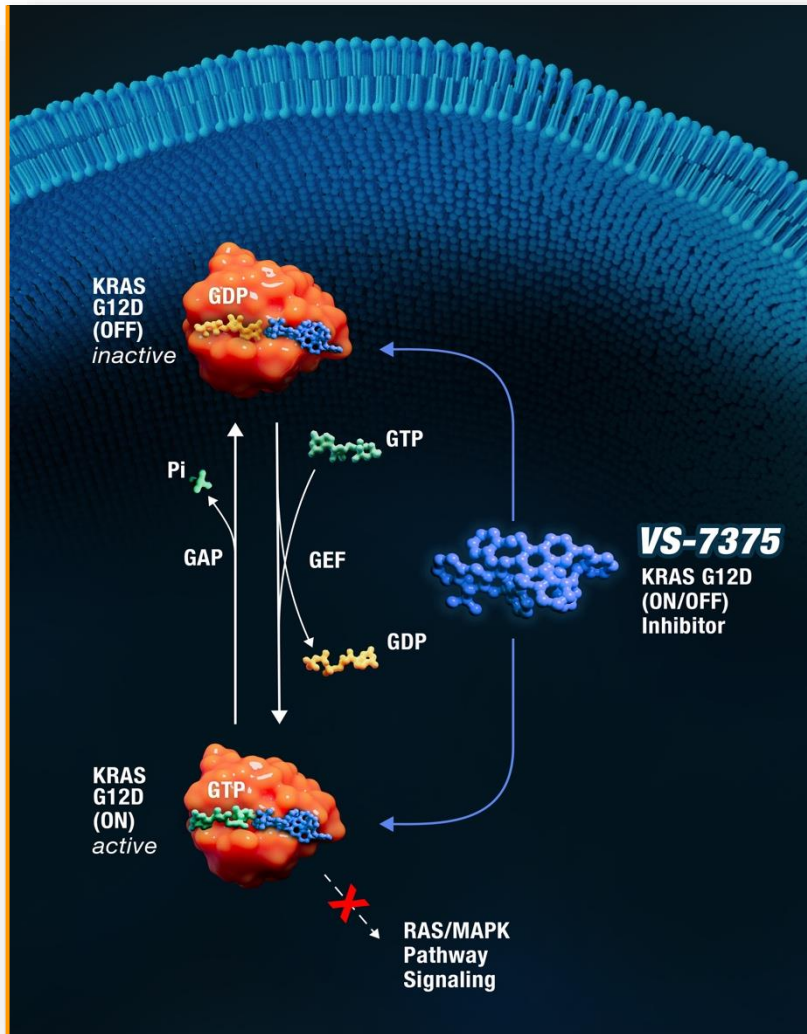
 TARGET-D 302

 TARGET-D 303

Rationale for New Clinical Collaborations with **VS-7375**

Jonathan Pachter, PhD
Chief Scientific Officer

VS-7375: Potential Best-in-Class G12D Inhibitor for Advanced KRAS G12D- Mutated Cancers



DIFFERENTIATED PROFILE VS. OTHER RAS INHIBITORS

Dual potent inhibition of both ON and OFF states of KRAS G12D

Correlates with better in vivo efficacy and durability vs. ON-only (tricomplex) RAS inhibitors

High affinity for KRAS G12D with long residence time (18-24hrs)

Correlates with more rapid and durable suppression of pERK signaling vs. zoldonrasib in tumor cell lines

Selective inhibition of KRAS G12D

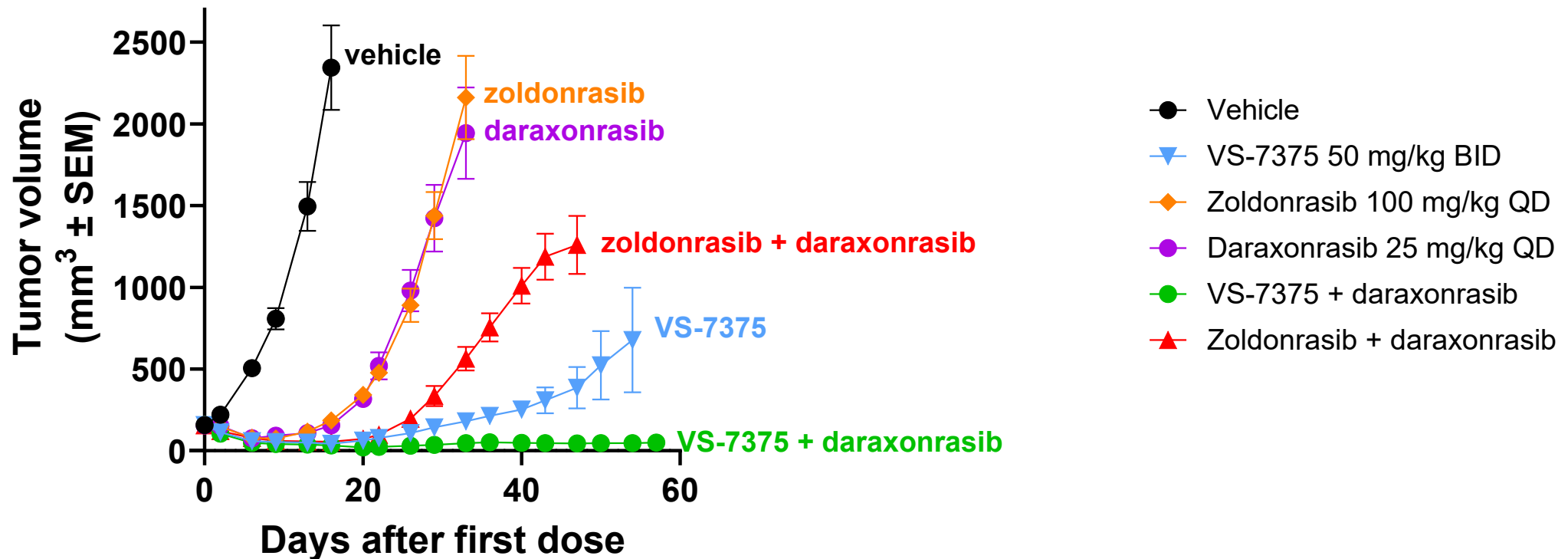
Spares T cell proliferation in contrast to RAS-Multi inhibitor (e.g., daraxonrasib), which impairs T cell proliferation

Once daily dose-proportional oral dosing in patients

Enables exposures in all patients corresponding to maximal tumor regressions across preclinical models

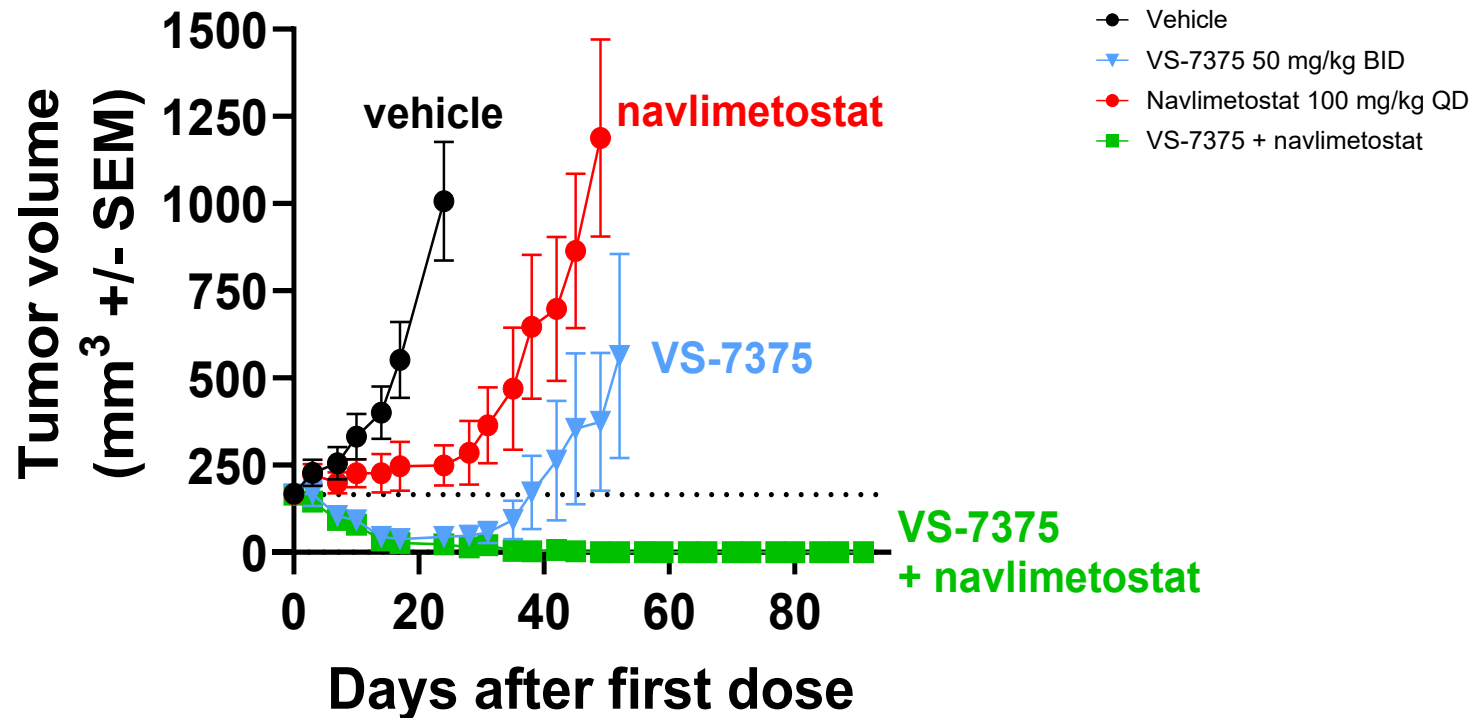
Combination of **VS-7375** with a Pan-RAS Tricomplex Inhibitor Yields More Sustained Tumor Regression than Combination of Zoldonrasib + Daraxonrasib

KP4 KRAS G12D PANCREATIC CANCER MODEL



Combination of **VS-7375** + PRMT5 Inhibitor Induces Dramatic Sustained Tumor Regressions in KRAS G12D/MTAP-Del PDAC Models

PACX020 PANCREATIC CANCER MODEL



All mice (8/8) showed complete responses with VS-7375 + navlimetostat (PRMT5 inhibitor)

Closing Remarks

**Dan Paterson,
President & CEO**

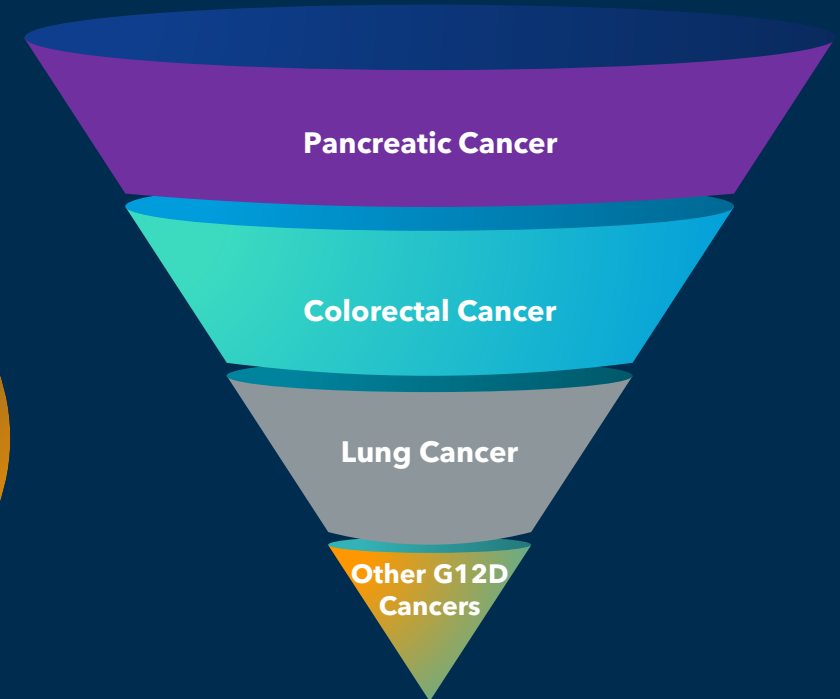
VS-7375: Aiming to Define Treatment for KRAS G12D-Mutated Cancers



**Selective KRAS G12D
Inhibition Across
Tumor Types**



**Compelling Emerging
Clinical Profile**



**Potential Franchise
Opportunity**

Thank you!



Q&A

Appendix

VS-7375 Well-Tolerated Up to 900 mg QD Monotherapy

Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) reported in ≥5% of patients

SOC / Preferred Term	600 mg (N=57)					900 mg (N=25)				
	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)	Gr. 1 n(%)	Gr. 2 n(%)	Gr. 3 n(%)	Gr. ≥4 n(%)	All Gr. n(%)
Gastrointestinal disorders										
Diarrhoea	25 (44)	8 (14)	2 (4)	0	35 (61)	9 (36)	4 (16)	0	0	13 (52)
Nausea	20 (35)	9 (16)	1 (2)	0	30 (53)	9 (36)	3 (12)	1 (4)	0	13 (52)
Vomiting	19 (33)	5 (9)	1 (2)	0	25 (44)	6 (24)	1 (4)	0	0	7 (28)
Constipation	12 (21)	2 (4)	0	0	14 (25)	4 (16)	1 (4)	0	0	5 (20)
Abdominal pain	4 (7)	1 (2)	2 (4)	0	7 (12)	3 (12)	0	0	0	3 (12)
Abdominal distension	5 (9)	0	0	0	5 (9)	2 (8)	1 (4)	0	0	3 (12)
Dyspepsia	4 (7)	0	0	0	4 (7)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Flatulence	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
General disorders										
Fatigue	15 (26)	4 (7)	0	0	19 (33)	5 (20)	5 (20)	0	0	10 (40)
Oedema peripheral	2 (4)	3 (5)	0	0	5 (9)	3 (12)	0	0	0	3 (12)
Pyrexia	5 (9)	0	1 (2)	0	6 (11)	0	0	0	0	0
Metabolism and nutrition disorders										
Decreased appetite	0	2 (4)	0	0	2 (4)	5 (20)	1 (4)	0	0	6 (24)
Hyponatraemia	3 (5)	1 (2)	2 (4)	0	6 (11)	1 (4)	0	0	1 (4)	2 (8)
Hypomagnesaemia	5 (9)	1 (2)	0	0	6 (11)	0	1 (4)	0	0	1 (4)
Dehydration	1 (2)	3 (5)	0	0	4 (7)	0	0	0	0	0
Hypokalaemia	2 (4)	1 (2)	0	0	3 (5)	0	1 (4)	0	0	1 (4)
Infections and infestations										
Upper respiratory tract infection	1 (2)	7 (12)	0	0	8 (14)	0	2 (8)	0	0	2 (8)
Urinary tract infection	0	4 (7)	1 (2)	0	5 (9)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Investigations										
Lipase increased	4 (7)	2 (4)	1 (2)	0	7 (12)	0	1 (4)	1 (4)	0	2 (8)
Amylase increased	3 (5)	1 (2)	0	0	4 (7)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Alanine aminotransferase increased	2 (4)	2 (4)	0	0	4 (7)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
Blood and lymphatic system disorders										
Anaemia	1 (2)	5 (9)	1 (2)	0	7 (12)	1 (4)	3 (12)	0	1 (4)	5 (20)
Neutropenia	2 (4)	4 (7)	1 (2)	0	7 (12)	1 (4)	2 (8)	0	0	3 (12)
White blood cell count decreased	1 (2)	2 (4)	0	0	3 (5)	0	0	0	0	0
Nervous system disorders										
Dizziness	3 (5)	0	1 (2)	0	4 (7)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
Dysgeusia	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
Headache	3 (5)	0	0	0	3 (5)	2 (8)	0	0	0	2 (8)
Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders										
Pruritus	5 (9)	1 (2)	0	0	6 (11)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Rash	5 (9)	0	0	0	5 (9)	0	0	0	0	0
Musculoskeletal disorders										
Back pain	1 (2)	1 (2)	1 (2)	0	3 (5)	1 (4)	0	0	0	1 (4)
Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders										
Dyspnea	3 (5)	0	1 (2)	0	4 (7)	0	0	0	0	0

VS-7375 Key Milestones

June 2026

- ✓ First patient dosed in TARGET-D 201 Registration-Directed Trial
- **Complete target enrollment in TARGET-D 101** PDAC, NSCLC and CRC cohorts

Mid-2026

- **Dose first patient in TARGET-D 202** (NSCLC) & **TARGET-D 203** (CRC) Registration-Directed Trials

2H 2026

- **Report an update on TARGET-D 101** across tumor types and more follow up

End of 2026

- **Complete enrollment** across all three **TARGET-D Phase 2 Trials**

1H 2027

- **Enroll first patient** in each of the **Phase 3 TARGET-D** pivotal trials (PDAC, CRC, NSCLC)